## Conversation for Today

1. Introductions
2. Your Tax Timeline
3. Income Tax Forms
4. Standard Deduction vs Itemized Deductions
5. Form 1040
6. Tax Return Considerations


Meet your presenters


Andrew Nelson, AIF, MBA


Austin Pearce, CPA

## Conversation for Today

2. Your Tax Timeline
3. Income Tax Forms
4. Standard Deduction vs Itemized Deductions
5. Form 1040
6. Tax Return Considerations


## Individual Tax Return Timeline

December 31, 2022


January 2023
February 15, 2023
Mid-March 2023

April 18, 2023

Your bank will provide your 1099 Forms

Time to start preparing your 2022 tax return

Last day to make
a 2022 IRA (or Roth IRA contribution)

The IRS/state will
issue tax refunds (if applicable)

Tax year 2022 extended deadline

Your tax return is due

Last day to file an extension

## Conversation for Today

## 1. Introductions

2. Your Tax Timeline
3. Income Tax Forms
4. Standard Deduction vs Itemized Deductions
5. Form 1040
6. Tax Return Considerations


## W2 Form

Box 1: Your taxable wages.
Box 2: Federal income tax withholdings.
Box 4: $6.2 \%$ of your income is withheld for social security.

Box 5: $1.45 \%$ of your income is withheld for Medicare. This tax is required for employees.

Box 12: Your retirement plan contributions.

- Letter $\mathrm{D}=$ pre-tax contributions
- Letter AA = Roth contributions

Box 17: State income tax withholdings.

Income: Box 1
Deductions: Box 12
Tax withholdings: Box 2, Box 4, Box 6, Box 17


Prepare and eFile Your Tax Return at eFile.com

## 1099 Tax Forms



## .





$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 1099-G



## 1099-G

- Reports the amount of refunds, credits, and offsets of state income tax during the previous year
- The amount may be taxable on your federal income tax return if you used itemized deductions in the prior year
- If you receive this form in the mail, put it in your tax return drawer
- Form 1099-G is also sent to individuals who have received unemployment benefits


## Form 1098



- Summarizes your mortgage payments for the year
- Includes the total interest you paid on your mortgage
- The interest is included in your itemized deductions (if you do itemize)


## 2022 LONG-TERM CAPITAL GANS TAX PATES

| Tax Rate | Income (Single) | Income (Married) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | Up to $\$ 41,675$ | Up to $\$ 83,350$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ | $\$ 41,676$ to $\$ 459,750$ | $\$ 83,351$ to $\$ 517,200$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ | Over $\$ 459,750$ | Over $\$ 517,200$ |

## Conversation for Today

1. Introductions
2. Your Tax Timeline
3. Income Tax Forms
4. Standard Deduction vs Itemized Deductions
5. Form 1040
6. Tax Reiurn Considerations


## 2022 Standard Deduction

| Single | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 9 5 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Married Filed Jointly | $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 , 9 0 0}$ |
| Head of Households | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 , 4 0 0}$ |

## Example

Martin \& Angela are married, file jointly, and have a combined annual income of \$100,000.


## 2022 Tax Information

Annual Income
401(k) Contributions
Standard Deduction
\$100,000
$(\$ 5,000)$ Reduces their taxable income
$(\$ 25,900)$ Reduces their taxable income

Taxable Income $\quad \mathbf{6 9 9 , 1 0 0}$ This is their 2022 income subject to taxes

## A Brief History of the Standard Deduction

The standard deduction was first adopted in 1944.
This chart starts in the year 1970.

Look at the difference between 2017 and 2018.

The greater the Standard Deduction amount is, the more likely people are to use it.

If you are over 65 or blind, you receive an additional standard deduction:

- Single or HOH: \$1,750
- Married Filing Jointly: $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 0 0}$ per spouse

Standard Deduction Amount, 1970-2021

| Year | Single <br> Person | Head of <br> Household | Married <br> Couple | Year | Single <br> Person | Head of <br> Household | Married <br> Couple |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 1996 | 4,000 | 5,900 | 6,700 |
| 1971 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 1997 | 4,150 | 6,050 | 6,900 |
| 1972 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1998 | 4,250 | 6,250 | 7,100 |
| 1973 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1999 | 4,300 | 6,350 | 7,200 |
| 1974 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 2000 | 4,400 | 6,450 | 7,350 |
| 1975 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,900 | 2001 | 4,550 | 6,650 | 7,600 |
| 1976 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 2,100 | 2002 | 4,700 | 6,900 | 7,850 |
| 1977 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 3,200 | 2003 | 4,750 | 7,000 | 9,500 |
| 1978 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 3,200 | 2004 | 4,850 | 7,150 | 9,700 |
| 1979 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 2005 | 5,000 | 7,300 | 10,000 |
| 1980 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 2006 | 5,150 | 7,550 | 10,300 |
| 1981 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 2007 | 5,350 | 7,850 | 10,700 |
| 1982 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 2008 | 5,450 | 8,000 | 10,900 |
| 1983 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 2009 | 5,700 | 8,350 | 11,400 |
| 1984 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 3,400 | 2010 | 5,700 | 8,400 | 11,400 |
| 1985 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 3,550 | 2011 | 5,800 | 8,500 | 11,600 |
| 1986 | 2,480 | 2,480 | 3,670 | 2012 | 5,950 | 8,700 | 11,900 |
| 1987 | 2,540 | 2,540 | 3,760 | 2013 | 6,100 | 8,950 | 12,200 |
| 1988 | 3,000 | 4,400 | 5,000 | 2014 | 6,200 | 9,100 | 12,400 |
| 1989 | 3,100 | 4,550 | 5,200 | 2015 | 6,300 | 9,250 | 12,600 |
| 1990 | 3,250 | 4,750 | 5,450 | 2016 | 6,300 | 9,300 | 12,600 |
| 1991 | 3,400 | 5,000 | 5,700 | 2017 | 6,350 | 9,350 | 12,700 |
| 1992 | 3,600 | 5,250 | 6,000 | 2018 | 12,000 | 18,000 | 24,000 |
| 1993 | 3,700 | 5,450 | 6,200 | 2019 | 12,200 | 18,350 | 24,400 |
| 1994 | 3,800 | 5,600 | 6,350 | 2020 | 12,400 | 18,650 | 24,800 |
| 1995 | 3,900 | 5,750 | 6,550 | 2021 | 12,550 | 18,800 | 25,100 |
|  |  |  |  | 2022 | 12,950 | 19,400 | 25,900 |
|  |  |  |  | 2023 | 13,850 | 20,800 | 27,700 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 2022 Itemized Deductions

Medical and Dental Expenses
State and Local Taxes you Paid Interest you Paid Gifts to Charity
Casualty and Theft Losses

If more than 7.5\% than your adjusted gross income (rare)

Capped at $\$ 10,000$
Home Mortgage Interest
Gifts by Check or Cash
Federally Declared Disaster (rare)

## Example

Martin \& Angela are married, file jointly, and have a combined annual income of $\$ 100,000$.

$\qquad$

## 2022 Itemized Deductions - Example

| Medical and Dental Expenses | $\$ 0$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State and Local Taxes you Paid | $\$ 10,000$ | $\gg$ W2 box 17 \& real <br> estate taxes <br> s 5500,000 |
| Interest you Paid | $\$ 15,000$ | $\$ 2,000$ |
| with a 3\% interest rate |  |  |$|$

## \$25,900


\$27,000

## EXAMPLE 1:

$\rightarrow$ Married couple filing jointly
$\rightarrow$ Combined income of $\$ 190,000$

| Tax Rate | Income (Single) | Income (Married) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10 \%$ | $\$ 0$ to $\$ 10,275$ | $\$ 0$ to $\$ 20,500$ |
| $12 \%$ | $\$ 10,276$ to $\$ 41,775$ | $\$ 20,501$ to $\$ 83,550$ |
| $22 \%$ | $\$ 41,776$ to $\$ 89,075$ | $\$ 83,551$ to $\$ 178,150$ |
| $24 \%$ | $\$ 89,076$ to $\$ 170,050$ | $\$ 178,151$ to $\$ 340,100$ |
| $32 \%$ | $\$ 170,051$ to $\$ 215,950$ | $\$ 340,101$ to $\$ 431,900$ |
| $35 \%$ | $\$ 215,951$ to $\$ 539,900$ | $\$ 431,901$ to $\$ 647,850$ |
| $37 \%$ | $\$ 539,900$ or more | $\$ 647,850$ or more |
| W2 - box 1 <br> $1099-$ INT <br> 1099 - R <br> Total Income <br> Standard Deduction <br> temized Deductions <br> Taxable Income |  | $\$ 190,000$ <br> $\$ 1,000$ <br> $\$ 30,000$ <br> $\$ 221,000$ <br> (\$25,900) <br> ( $\$ 27,000)$ <br> $\$ 194,000$ |

$10 \%$ bracket: $\$ 2,050$
12\% bracket: \$7,565.88
22\% bracket: \$20,811.78
24\% bracket: \$3,803.76

Total taxes paid: \$34,231.42 Effective tax rate: 17.65\%

## EXAMPLE 2:

$\rightarrow$ Single person filing
$\rightarrow$ Income of $\$ 75,100$

| Tax Rate | Income (Single) | Income (Married) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10\% | \$0 to \$10,275 | \$0 to \$20,500 | 10\% bracket: \$1,027.50 |
| 12\% | \$10,276 to \$41,775 | \$20,501 to \$83,550 | 12\% bracket: \$3,779.88 |
| 22\% | \$41,776 to \$89,075 | \$83,551 to \$178,150 | 22\% bracket: \$4,482.28 |
| 24\% | \$89,076 to \$170,050 | \$178,151 to \$340,100 |  |
| 32\% | \$170,051 to \$215,950 | \$340,101 to \$431,900 |  |
| 35\% | \$215,951 to \$539,900 | \$431,901 to \$647,850 |  |
| 37\% | \$539,900 or more | \$647,850 or more |  |
|  |  |  | Total taxes paid: \$9,289.66 <br> Effective tax rate: 14.94\% |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 00 \\ 50) \\ 00) \\ 50 \end{gathered} \begin{gathered} \text { Only use } \\ \text { the larger of } \\ \text { the two } \end{gathered}$ |  |

## Conversation for Today


5. Form 1040
6. Tax Return Considerations


2022 Form 1040

## E-1040 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Department of the Treasury-Intemal Revenue Service } \\ & \text { U.S. Individual Income }\end{aligned}$

 $\square$ Married filing jointly $\square$ Married filing separately (MFS) $\square$ Head of household (HOH) $\square$ Qualifying surviving one box. If you checked the MFS box, enter the name of your spouse. If you checked the HOH or QSS box, enter the child's name if the qualifying person is a child but not your dependent:| Your first name and middle initial | Last name |  |  | Your social security number |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If joint return, spouse's first name and middle einitial | Last name |  |  | Spouse's social security number |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Presidential Election Campaign Check here if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, want $\$ 3$ to go to this fund. Checking a box below will not change your tax or refund. |  |  |
| City, town, or post office. If you have a foreign address, also complete spaces below. |  | State | ZIP code |  |  |  |
| Foreign country name | Foreign province/state/county |  | Foreign postal code |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Digital | At any time during 2022, did you: (a) receive (as a reward, award, or payment for property or services); or (b) sell, <br> exchange, gift, or otherwise dispose of a digital asset (or a financial interest in a digital asset)? (See instructions.) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Assets |  |$\quad$| Yes $\quad \square$ No |
| :--- |
| Standard | Someone can claim: $\square$ You as a dependent $\quad \square$ Your spouse as a dependent $\quad \square$. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Standard } & \text { Someone can claim: } \square \text { You as a dependent } \square \text { Your spouse as a dependent } \\ \text { Deduction } \\ \text { Spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien }\end{array}$

Age/Blindness You: $\square$ Were born before January 2, $1958 \quad \square$ Are blind $\quad$ Spouse: $\square$ Was born before January 2, $1958 \quad \square$ is blind
 If more
than four
dependents, dependents,
see instructions see instruction
and check
here

| Income <br> Attach Form(s) w-2 here. Also attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R if tax was withheld. <br> If you did not get a Form instructions. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

1a Total amount from Form(s) W-2, box 1 (see instructions)
b Household employee wages not reported on Form(s) W-
c Tip income not reported on line 1 a (see instructions)
d Medicaid waiver payments not reported on Form(s) W-2 (see instructions)

- Taxable dependent care benefits from Form 2441, line 26

Employer-provided adoption benefits from Form 8839, line 29
Wages from Form 8919, line 6
h Other earned income (see instructions)
Nontaxable combat pay election (see instructions)

your 1099 Form(s)

either standard deduction
or itemized deduction
your taxable income 2 Add lines 1a through 1h
2a Tax-exempt interest
a Qualified dividenc
5a Pensions and annuit
a Pensions and annuities
ba Social security benefits
c If you elect to use the lump-sum election $\quad$ b Taxable amoun



- Married filing
jointill
Qualting


3 Other income from Schedule 1 , line 10
9 Add lines $1 \mathrm{z}, 2 \mathrm{~b}, 3 \mathrm{~b}, 4 \mathrm{~b}, 5 \mathrm{~b}, 6 \mathrm{~b}, 7$, and 8 . This is your total income
housenold,
$\$ 19,400$
$\$ 19,400$ Oecked

- 1 fol uny
any box under

| any box unde |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Standard } \\ \text { Deauction, }\end{array}$ |

12 Standard deduction or itemized your adjusted gross income

Deduction,
see instructions
14 Add lines 12 and 13

For Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.


## Conversation for Today

## 1. Introductions

2. Your Tax Timeline
3. Income Tax Forms
4. Standard Deduction vs Itemized Deductions
5. Form 1040

6. Tax Return Considerations

## Local Taxes - New in 2021

## Metro Supportive Housing Service Tax

- Tax Imposed on businesses \& individuals: (Multnomah Co, Washington Co, Clackamas Co)
- A $1 \%$ marginal personal income tax on taxable income above $\$ 125,000$ for individuals and \$200,000 for those filing jointly, and
- Net income from businesses within Metro's jurisdiction who have over $\$ 5$ million in gross receipts from both within and without the Metro's jurisdiction. The Metro business income tax applies to partnerships, C corporations, S corporations, limited liability companies and estates/trusts.


## Local Taxes - New in 2021

## Multnomah County Preschool For All Personal Income Tax

- Residents of Multnomah County will have $100 \%$ of their Oregon Taxable Income subject to the tax thresholds.
- Personal income tax of $1.5 \%$ on taxable income over $\$ 125,000$ for individuals and \$200,000 for joint filers, and
- An additional $1.5 \%$ on taxable income over $\$ 250,000$ for individuals and $\$ 400,000$ for joint filers.


## Social Security

| Adjusted Gross Income |
| :--- |
| + Nontaxable Interest |
| $+1 / 2$ of your Social Security benefits |
| Combined Income |


| Tax Rate | Single | Joint |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0 \%$ | $\$ 0$ to $\$ 24,999$ | $\$ 0$ to $\$ 31,999$ |
| $50 \%$ | $\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 34,000$ | $\$ 32,000$ to $\$ 44,000$ |
| $85 \%$ | More than $\$ 34,000$ | More than $\$ 44,000$ |

## Strategies - Savings \& Tax

- Dollar cost average - 401(k)
- Backdoor Roth IRA
- 0\% Tax - Long-Term Capital Gains
- Charitable giving - Bunching, Donate Appreciated Stock
- Qualified Charitable Distribution (QCD)
- Medicare costs - IRMAA
- Secure Act 2.0
- HI Blog: https://www.humaninvesting.com/450-journal/secure-act-20-rmd-impact


## Tax Return Considerations

## 1. Should you hire a CPA or do-it-yourself? It depends.

If you have a complex tax return (business owner, rental properties, stock options, etc) then hiring a CPA is encouraged.

If you have a simple tax return (W2 Form and 1099 Forms), then do-it-yourself is reasonable.

- Online tax software (turbotax or H\&R Block)- \$ but you are guided through the process with a series of prompts and questions

Thank you!
971.202.9561

401k@humaninvesting.com


